

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/720,525	11/25/2003	Jung Kan Lin	MR1035-1341	5129	
4586	7590 01/11/2006		EXAMINER		
	RG, KLEIN & LEE	VARGOT, MATHIEU D			
	OTT CENTER DRIVE-SI CITY, MD 21043	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			1732		
			DATE MAILED: 01/11/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

41	
K	

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Commons	10/720,525	LIN, JUNG KAN					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Mathieu D. Vargot	1732					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
· <u>-</u>	-· action is non-final.	•					
	is application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.							
· ·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
6) Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	ala Barana da A						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	:						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	xaminer.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
 Certified copies of the priority documents 							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	ty documents have been receive	d in this National	Stage				
application from the International Bureau	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
·							
Attachment(s)							
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413\					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Pa	itent Application (PTC)-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)						

Art Unit: 1732

1.The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art as set forth at paragraph 6 of the instant specification in view of Lee et al (see Fig. 3; col. 5, lines 21-25 and col. 6, lines 1-11).

The admitted prior art teaches that it is known to use a liquid glue encapsulation method to dispense epoxy resin combined with phosphorous powder onto an LED die on a substrate to thereby encapsulate the LED, the admitted prior art essentially failing to use a casting mold. Lee et al discloses making a panel of packaged integrated circuits by aligning a substrate holding the circuits against a casting mold with a plurality of casting units whereby a plurality of integrated circuit units are encapsulated simultaneously. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have modified the admitted prior art by using a mold as taught by Lee et al to form a plurality of packaged electronic items simultaneously. The aspect of precipitating the phosphor is submitted to have been obvious or met in the combination as applied in that the mold would have allowed the phosphor powder to sink down in the liquid before it hardens. Applicant appears to indicate in the prior art that the lack of a mold does not allow the phosphor powder to concentrate upon the LED die of the prior art --see paragraphs 5 and 6 of the instant specification. Hence, the use of a mold should allow the phosphor to precipitate on the LED units while the liquid epoxy

Art Unit: 1732

hardens. Preheating the mold would have been an obvious step to facilitate the flowing of the resin thereinto. Lee et al teaches cutting the encapsulated substrate into a plurality of packaged devices—see column 6, lines 1-11. Lee et al shows a single mold for the casting mold. However, it certainly would have been within the skill level of the art to modify this mold by providing a separate base as part of a two-part mold. Lee et al (col. 5, lines 21-25) teaches removing gases from the mold as the molding compound is spread through the mold and this is submitted to meet the limitation of instant claim 10, in that gases would cause bubbles in the resin. Forming additional glue layers over the phosphoric epoxy is submitted as being an obvious addition to the combination as applied dependent on the size of packaging desired for the LED.

2.Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mathieu D. Vargot whose telephone number is 571 272-1211. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 9 to 6.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni, can be reached on 571 272-1196. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

Application/Control Number: 10/720,525

Art Unit: 1732

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. Vargot January 6, 2006 Mathieu D. Vargot Primary Examiner Art Unit 1732 Page 4

1/6/06